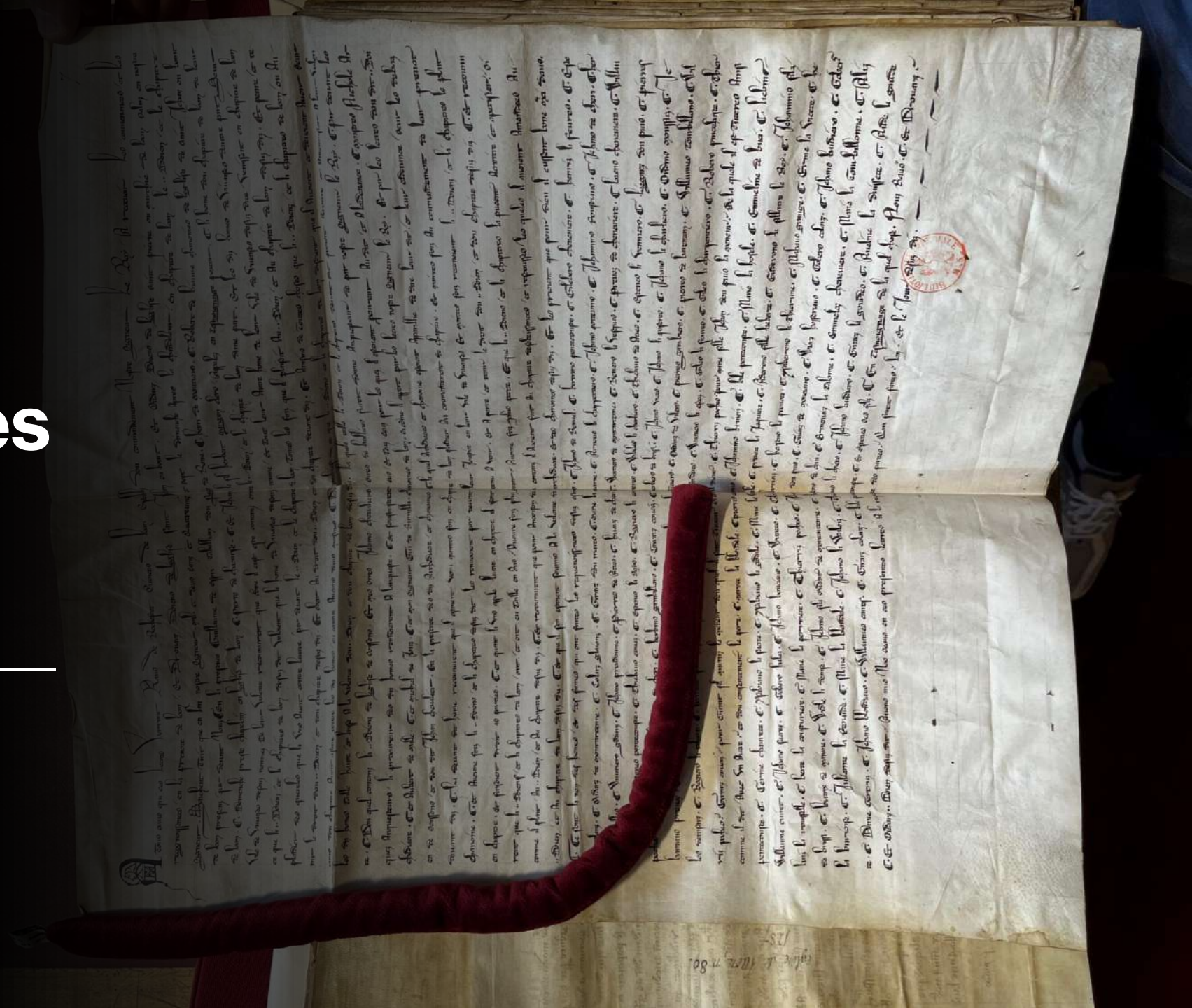
Deflexivity of the demonstratives in Old French (1250-1300)

Emergence from a medieval norm ?



What is deflexivity?

- Flexion ? Flexivity ?
  - Use of infixes and suffixes to express syntactic and grammatical function (Gallmann s/a : 1)
    (1) lat. ROS-*A* (Nominative - Subject, Feminin, Singular)
    VS.
    (2) lat. ROS-*AM* (Accusative – Direct Obj, Feminin, Singular)
- Deflexivity after Bouttineau (2010: 89)
  - Belongs to the Psycho-Mecanism of Language by G. Guillaume (posth. 1964)
  - Bouttineau (2010: 89): Diachronic occurrence of an autonomous marqueur for the explicit treatment of a grammatical parameter of the following word.
  - (3) lat. MUR-US (N. Sj., M., Sg. > a.fr. L-*i* mur-*s* (N. Sj., M., Sg.) > fr. L-*e* mur (M., Singular)

History of the demonstratives

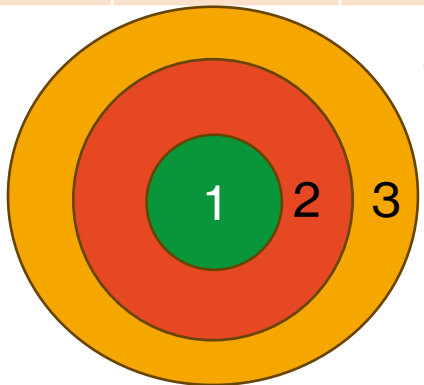
Marchello-Nizia (2004, 2012), Müller-Lancé (2021

LATIN until 8. C. > A. FR. 8 – 13. C. > M. FR 13. C. -

Case	2. P	3. P
NOM.	ISTE / ISTA	ILLE / ILLA
ACC.	ISTUM / ISTAM	ILLUM / ILLAM
ABL.	ISTO / ISTA /	ILLO / ILLA /

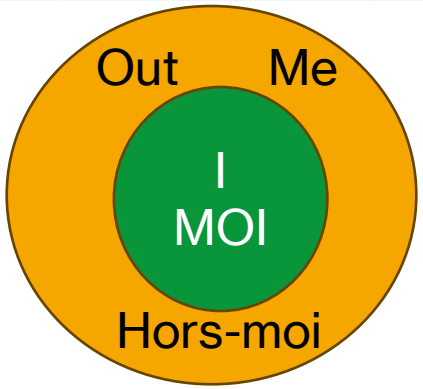
Csdr	Me / Moi	Out-me/ Hors-moi
C.S	cist/ceste	cil/cele
C.R.D	cest/cesti	cel/cele
C.R.I	cestui/cesti	celui/celi

Specifier	Pronoun
Ce(t)/Cette	Celui-ci/-là Celle-ci/-là

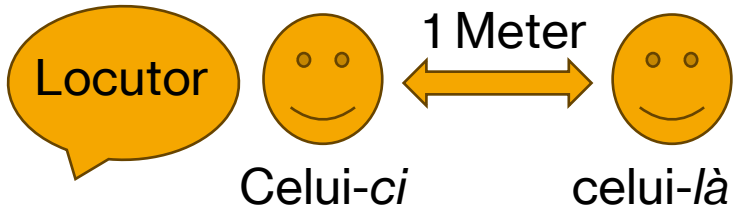


<- Personal system

Sphere of belonging



Spatial system



Objectives of the Master thesis

- Corpus of deeds of Beauvais (Picardy) from 1250 to 1300. We are preparing a diplomatic edition of those texts.

→ According to K.Grübl (2013 ; 2015), the case inflection of French has become virtuel in the ecclesiastical norm of documents, since in the same period (1250-1280) there was a secular norm that already gave the inflection. But it is now for the definitive articles.

1) With this work, we want to see if the demonstratives follow the same paths from the definitive articles in their paradigmatic restructuring.

2) Is the form ce+N+ci/là created through a reanalysis ?

(4) li deuandit relegieusne pooient bien goïr de [[ches coses [chi] devantdeuisees]]

3) Is there a particular dialectal variant that has participated in creating a supra-regional norm?

Bibliographie

Bottineau, D. (2010). « Typologie de la déflexivité. », In: *Langages*, 178, 89-113. https://doi.org/10.3917/lang.178.0089

Bürk, S. (2020*). Demonstrative Kennzeichnungen im Altfranzösischen: Funktionalität und Diachronie*. Berlin, Boston: De Gruyter. https://doi.org/10.1515/9783110648393

Gallmann, P. Flexion, s/a. Disponible à : https://gallmann.unijena.de//Wort/Wort_Flexionsmittel.pdf. Consulté le 03/07/2024

Guillaume, G. (1964). *Langage et science du langage*. Hsg. Presses de l'Université de Laval

Grübl, K. (2013). « La standardisation du français au Moyen Âge: point de vue scriptologique. », In: *Revue De Linguistique Romane*, 77, 307-308, 343–383.

Grübl, Klaus. (2015). « Ce que les chartes nous apprennent sur la variation et le changement linguistiques au Moyen Âge: l'exemple de la déclinaison bicasuelle de l'ancien français. », In: *Revue de Linguistique Romane*, 79, 5-38.

Marchello-Nizia, C. (2012). Savoir lire ce qui est écrit : le rôle des démonstratifs et des possessifs dans le français médiéval. In J.-M. Bertrand, P. Boilley, J.-P. Genet, & P. Pantel (éds.), *Langue et histoire* (1-). Éditions de la Sorbonne. https://doi.org/10.4000/books.psorbonne.83208

Marchello-Nizia, C. (2004). La sémantique des démonstratifs en ancien français : une neutralisation en progrès ?. Langue française, 141, 69-84. https://doi.org/10.3917/lf.141.0069

Urban Water Interfaces (UWI)

Technische Universität Berlin

IGB
Leibniz Institute of Freshwater Ecology and Inland Fisheries

Blooms like it hot – but quagga mussels don't

Influence of invasive quagga mussels on cyanobacteria blooms during summer

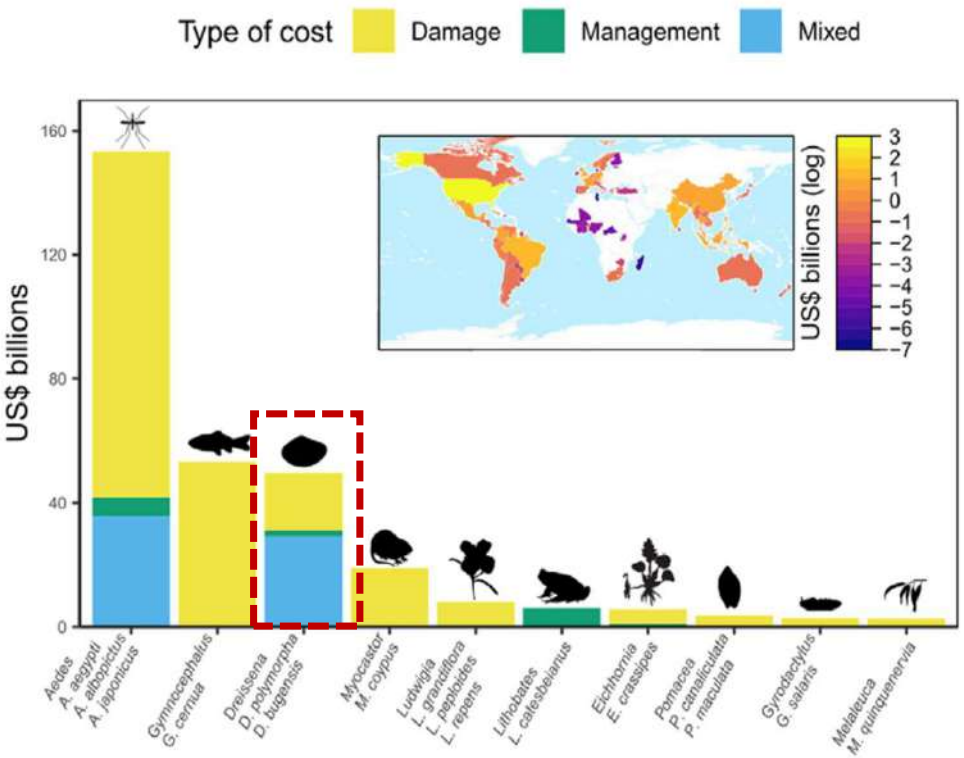
Jonas Mauch
Doctoral Student

jonas.mauch@igb-berlin.de

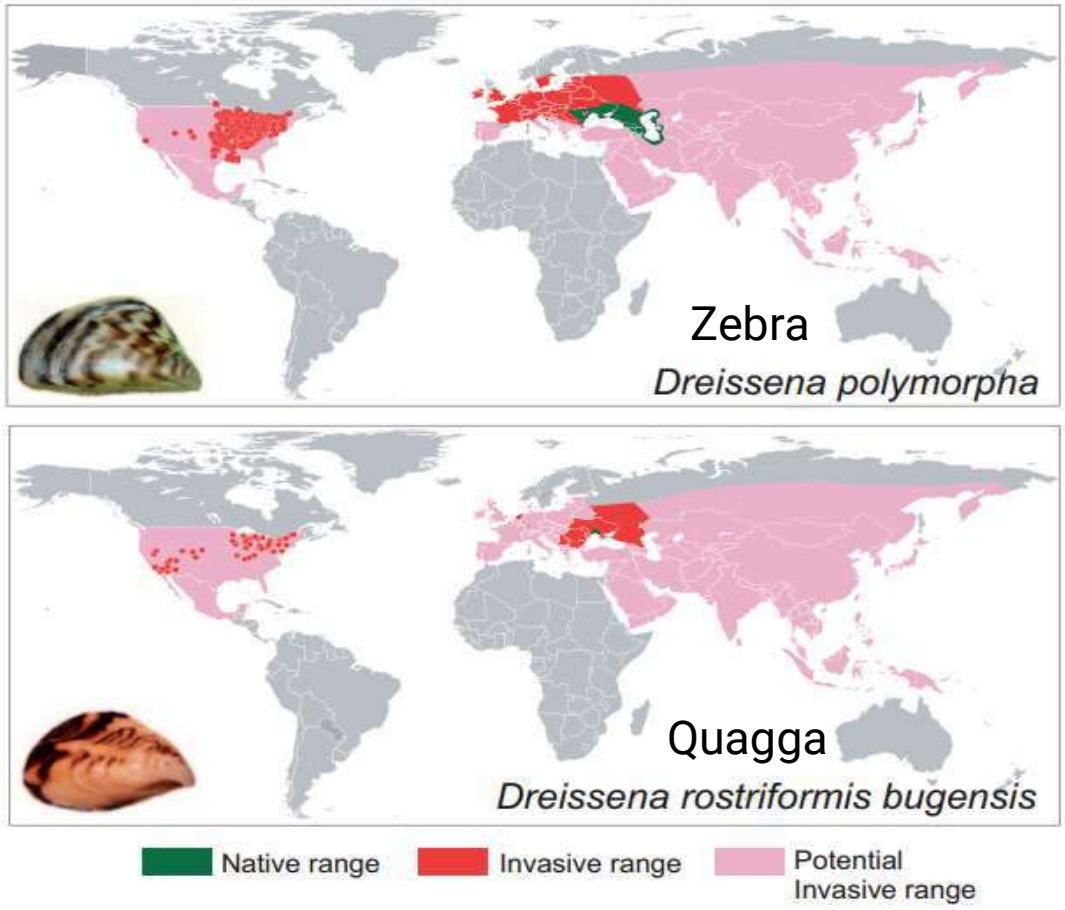
jo_mauch

jonas.mauch@igb-berlin.de

Dreissenid mussels



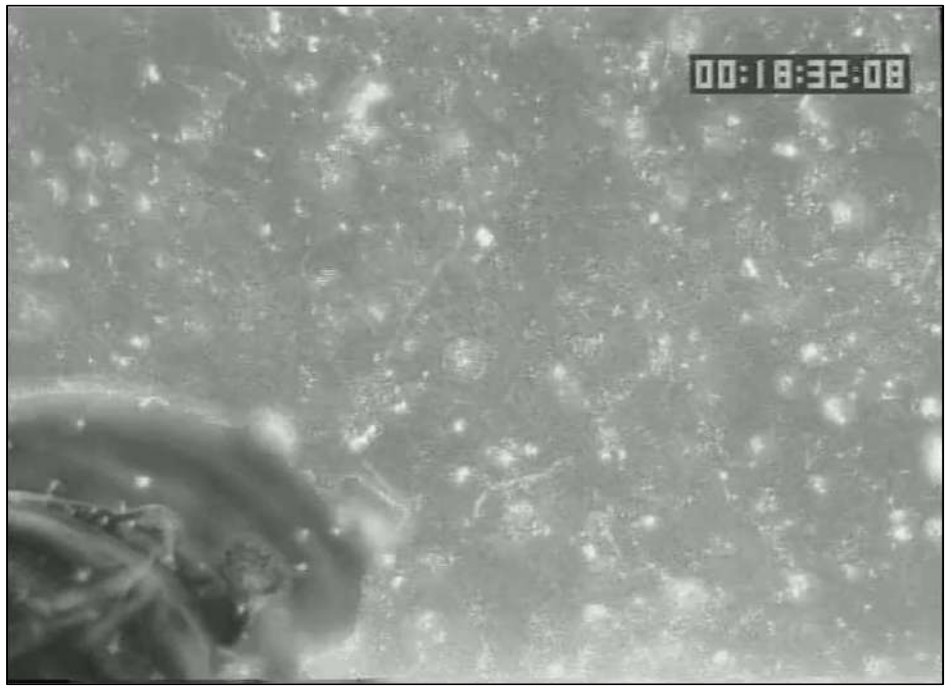
Cuthbert et al., 2021



Karatayev et al., 2015

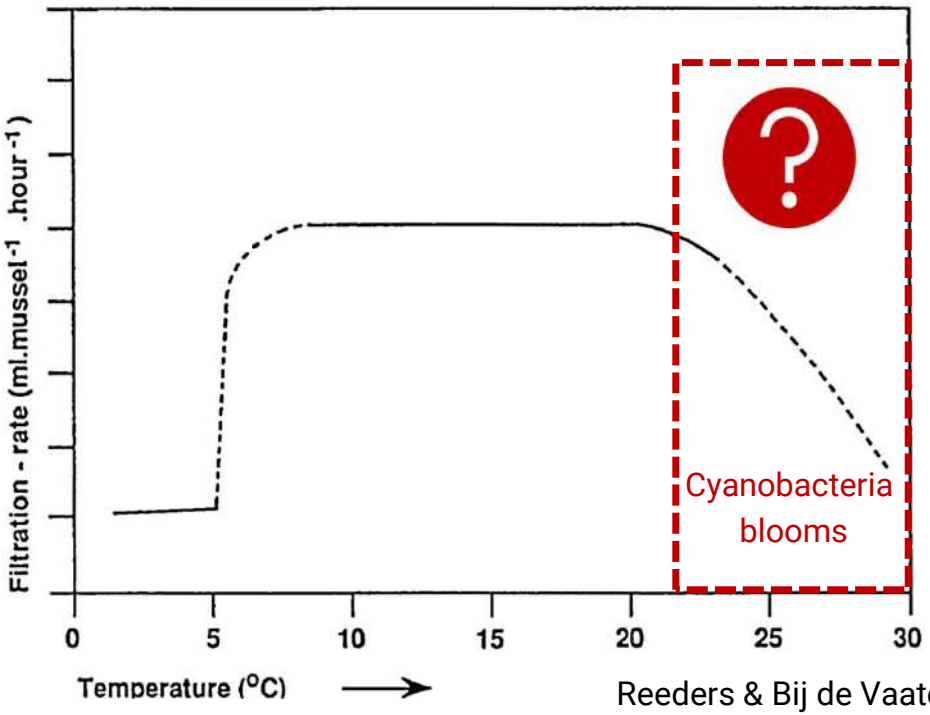
Research Question

Selective feeding behavior



Vanderploeg et al., 2001

Temperature limits



Reeders & Bij de Vaate, 1990

Lab experiments

Microcystis mucilage
Anabaena flos-aquae
Microcystis aeruginosa
Aphanizomenon flos-aquae
Anabaena affinis
100 µm

IGB